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**Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>**

**Subject Name: WMS LAB**

**Subject Code: 20CSP-338**

## **Experiment No: 6**

**Aim:** Perform Penetration testing on a web application to gather

Information about the system (Foot Printing).

**Objective:** To perform penetration testing and foot printing on any

Web Application

**Software/Hardware Requirements:** Kali Linux, D-tech tools or any pen Testing tools and any platform using Python 2.7

Tools to be used:

1. D-Tech
2. NMAP
3. Metasploit
4. Wire Shark

**Introduction:** Web application penetration testing is the practice of simulating attacks on a system in an attempt to gain access to sensitive data, with the purpose of determining whether a system is secure.

**Description:**

**D-TECT** is an All-In-One Tool for Penetration Testing. This is specially programmed for Penetration Testers and Security Researchers to make their job easier, instead of launching different tools for performing different task

Steps/Method/Coding:

1. Install kali Linux virtual machine and D-tech tools Open Terminal.

```
2.:~$ git clone https://github.com/bibortone/D-Tech.git
```

```
:~$ ls
```

Check that D-tech tool is available on your system

```
3.:~$ cd D-tech and press Enter
```

4.:~/D-Tech\$ ls

5:~/D-Tech\$ python d-tech.py(run the tools)

Get menu after run the tools

1. Word press username enumerator
2. Sensitive file detector
3. Cross-Site Scripting [ XSS ] Scanner:
4. SQL Injection [ SQLI ] Scanner:
5. Sub-domain Scanner:
6. Same Site Scripting detection:
7. Port scanner
8. Word press scanner

Step 6- [+] select any option from menu

>Enter 4 next

[+] enter domain

Demo.testfire.net

[+] checking Status.....

Not vulnerable

[+]exit or launch again?(e/a)

**Output screenshot:**

```
meh@kali: ~/D-Tech
File Actions Edit View Help
meh@kali:~$ git clone https://github.com/bibortone/D-Tech.git
fatal: destination path 'D-Tech' already exists and is not an empty directory.
meh@kali:~$ ls
Desktop Downloads Music Public Videos
Documents D-Tech Pictures Templates
meh@kali:~$ cd D-Tech
meh@kali:~/D-Tech$ ls
dtectcolors LICENSE moduleBS.pyc Screenshots
d-tect.py moduleBS.py README.md
meh@kali:~/D-Tech$
meh@kali:~/D-Tech$ python d-tect.py
█
```



```
meh@kali: ~/D-Tech
File Actions Edit View Help
3. Sub-Domain Scanner
4. Port Scanner
5. Wordpress Scanner
6. Cross-Site Scripting [ XSS ] Scanner
7. Wordpress Backup Grabber
8. SQL Injection [ SQLI ] Scanner

[+] Select Option
  > 3
[+] Enter Domain
  e.g, site.com
  > yahoo.com
[+] Checking Status...
[i] Site is up!

[+] Target Info:
  | URL: http://yahoo.com
  | IP: 74.6.143.26

[+] Checking if any Cloudflare is blocking access...
[+] Checking Redirection
[i] Host redirects to https://in.yahoo.com/?p=us
  Set this as default Host? [Y/N]:
  > Y
```

```
File Actions Edit View Help
| Server : ATS

[+] Subdomain Scanner Start!
[+] Progress 1 / 1904 ...
[+] Subdomain found!
| Subdomain: mail.yahoo.com
| Nameserver: edge.gycpi.b.yahoodns.net
| IP: 106.10.236.37

[+] Progress 3 / 1904 ...
[+] Subdomain found!
| Subdomain: blog.yahoo.com
| Nameserver: src.g03.yahoodns.net
| IP: 106.10.248.150

[+] Progress 4 / 1904 ...
[+] Subdomain found!
| Subdomain: forum.yahoo.com
| Nameserver: src.g03.yahoodns.net
| IP: 106.10.248.150

[+] Progress 15 / 1904 ... █
```

**Learning Outcomes:**

Finally, as a penetration tester, you should collect and log all vulnerabilities in the system. Don't ignore any scenario considering that it won't be executed by the end-users. If you are a penetration tester, please help our readers with your experience, tips, and sample test cases on how to perform Penetration Testing effectively.